Section 1: Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME: Tantalum Products
CHEMICAL FAMILY: Metal
CHEMICAL NAME: Ta
MANUFACTURER: Materion Brewster LLC
    PO Box 1950
    Brewster, NY 10509-8950

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: 845-279-0900
CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (24 hour)

Section 2: Composition/Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MATERIAL</th>
<th>CAS No</th>
<th>% at.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tantalum</td>
<td>7440-25-7</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 3: Hazard Identification

HAZARD OVERVIEW:
We do not consider this product in the form it is sold to constitute a physical hazard or a health hazard. Subsequent operations such as abrading, melting, welding, cutting or processing in any other fashion may produce potentially hazardous dust or fumes which can be inhaled, swallowed, or come in contact with the skin or eyes.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation, Skin contact.

TARGET ORGANS: Lungs; Skin

HUMAN EFFECTS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE:
Listed below are certain potential health hazards, which apply to the hazardous ingredients, found in the subject material

TANTALUM
Inhalation May be moderately toxic by inhalation
Skin Some industrial skin irritation from tantalum has been reported.
Chronic Evidence suggests tantalum metal has a low toxicity potential due to poor absorption. Tantalum dust has caused transient inflammatory lesions in the lungs of animals. Systemic industrial poisoning is apparently unknown

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:
Individuals who may have had allergic reactions to metals or sensitivity, may encounter skin rash or dermatitis, if skin contact with this product occurs. Persons with impaired pulmonary functions, may incur further impairment if dust or fumes are inhaled

CARCINOGENIC REFERENCES:
Not recognized by OSHA as a carcinogen
Not listed in the National Toxicology Program
Not listed as a carcinogen by the International Agency on Research on Cancer

**Section 4: First Aid Measures**

**FIRST AID FOR EYES:** Dust or powder should be flushed from the eyes with running water for 15 minutes. If irritation persists obtain medical assistance.

**FIRST AID FOR SKIN:** Skin cuts and abrasions can be treated by standard first aid. Skin contamination with dust or powder can be removed with soap and water. If irritation persists obtain medical assistance.

**FIRST AID FOR INGESTION:** Obtain medical assistance at once.

**FIRST AID FOR INHALATION:** Breathing difficulty, caused by inhalation of dust or fume requires removal to fresh air. If breathing has stopped perform artificial respiration and seek medical assistance at once.

**Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures**

**FLAMMABILITY:** Dust or powder may ignite spontaneously in air.

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Ordinary extinguishers are often in effective against metal fires; use Type "D" extinguishing agents. Do not use water to extinguish fires around operations involving molten metal, due to the potential for steam explosion.

**SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn when fighting metal dust fires. High levels of dust or fine particles in the air may ignite or explode.

**Section 6: Accidental Release Measures**

**SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES:** In solid form this material poses no special clean-up problems. Use normal clean up procedures; wet sweeping or HEPA vacuum, for clean up of dust or powder. Do not use compressed air for cleaning.

**Section 7: Storage and Handling**

In solid form this material poses no special problems. Store metal in a dry area. Do not store adjacent to acids.

**Section 8: Exposure Control/Personal Protection**

**EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES:**
Not established for product as whole. Tantalum: TLV, ACGIH: 5 mg/m$^3$  PEL, OSHA: 5 mg/m$^3$

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:**
Eye protection requirements: Safety glasses are recommended.
Skin protection requirements: Protective gloves are recommended, to prevent mechanical irritation.
Respiratory protection: Not normally required, use an appropriate NIOSH approved respirator if airborne dust concentration exceed the OSHA, PEL or ACGIH, TLV.
Other protective equipment: Eye wash fountain should be readily available in areas of use or handling.
VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS:
Local Exhaust: Recommended, when cutting, grinding or melting or any other operation where dust or fumes are created
General Exhaust: Recommended.

ENVIRONMENTAL SURVEILLANCE:
If the operation generates dust or fumes, exposure to airborne materials should be determined by having air samples taken in the employees breathing zone and work area.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROPERTY</th>
<th>VALUE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHYSICAL FORM</td>
<td>Solid metal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ODOR</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOLUBILITY IN WATER</td>
<td>Insoluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOLATILE BY WEIGHT</td>
<td>Essentially zero</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COLOR</td>
<td>Silver/Grey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MELT POINT</td>
<td>2996°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC GRAVITY</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DENSITY</td>
<td>16.6 g/cm³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 10: Reactivity

STABILITY: This is a stable material.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

INCOMPATIBILITIES: Oxidizing agents, Halogens, Bases, Hydrogen fluoride (HF)
DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: None under proper usage conditions.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Conditions which create dust or fumes. Exposure to high heat or flame

Section 11: Toxicological Information
Under normal use of the solid form of this material there are few health hazards. Welding, cutting grinding or any process creating dust, fume or oxide may cause hazardous levels of certain elements, as addressed in Section 3.

Section 12: Ecological Information
In solid form this material poses no special environmental problems. Metal powder or dust may have significant impact on air and water quality. Emissions, spills and releases to the environment should be controlled immediately.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations
Because of its high intrinsic value this material should be reclaimed. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable Federal, State and Local Regulations.

Section 14: Transportation Information

GROUND TRANSPORTATION:
D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated
D.O.T. HAZARD CLASS: None
PRODUCT RQ: None

AIR TRANSPORT:
ICAO-TI and IATA-DGR: Not regulated in solid form
Section 15: Regulatory Information

OSHA STATUS:

TSCA STATUS:
All components of this product are listed in the US Environmental Protection Agency on the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory

RCRA STATUS: Not regulated, in solid form

SARA TITLE III:
The constituents of this alloy contain hazardous substances, above one (1) percent, and are subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know act of 1986 and 40CFR372.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUBSTANCE</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>PERCENT MAXIMUM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

INTERNATIONAL

CANADA – WHMIS Disclosure List
N/A

EUROPEAN UNION
Risk Phrase
N/A

Section 16: Other Information

PREPARED BY: Lee Oman, CECM
DATE OF REVISION: November 2006
REVIEWED BY: Thomas R. Napoleon EH&S Manager
DATE OF REVIEW: December 2008

This MSDS has been revised following the guidelines outlined in the American National Standard for Hazardous Materials Z400.1.1393 “Material Safety Data Sheets – Preparation”.

DISCLAIMER:
The information and recommendations are taken from sources believed to be accurate. Williams Advanced Materials makes no warranty with respect of the accuracy of the information or the suitability of the recommendations, and assumes no liability to any user thereof. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them, and should make independent judgment of suitability of this information to ensure proper use and protect the health and safety of employees.